

Inter-Church World Movement
and
Washington Federation of Churches

Devotional and Inspirational

Half-Hour Services

at Keith's Theater

April 26th to May 1st from 12:30 to 1:00 P. M.

MONDAY, April 26—Rev. Herbert F. Randolph, D.D.
Foundry Methodist Episcopal Church.
TUESDAY, April 27—Rev. Walter A. Morgan, D.D.
St. Pleasant Congregational Church.
WEDNESDAY, April 28—Rev. George M. Diffenderfer, D.D.
Luther Memorial Church.
THURSDAY, April 29—Rev. Charles Wood, D.D.
Church of the Covenant.
FRIDAY, April 30—Rev. J. Henning Neilsen, D.D.
Church of the Ascension.
SATURDAY, May 1—Rev. Earle Wilfley, D.D.
Vermont Avenue Christian Church.
A prominent soloist will sing at each service.
There will be no solicitation of funds.

BELGIAN BANKERS TO SEEK AID HERE

Deny Contract for New Loan
With Kingdom Has Been
Made.

Two prominent Belgian bankers will arrive in this country within the next two weeks to discuss with banking interests here questions of finance on behalf of the Belgian government and Belgian industrial interests, according to cable advices received by the Guaranty Trust Company.

Regarding recent reports to the effect that the purpose of the Belgian envoys was to consult with bankers of this country concerning a refusal on the part of an American banking syndicate to carry the new loan to Belgium which had been contracted for on a basis of 9 per cent, the Guar-

N. Y. Concern Asserts High Price of Clothes Is Due to Huge Profits

NEW YORK, April 25.—One of New York's large ready-to-wear clothing houses, advertising reductions to \$37.50 in the prices of suits, and overcoats ranging as high as \$55, and reductions to \$57.50 on those priced as high as \$75, announced the drop as "a deliberate cutting of our own profit for the purpose of helping the movement to force down the high cost of clothing."

any Trust Company makes the following statement: "No such contract was ever made so far as is known, and consequently, there could be no refusal on the part of any American banking syndicate to carry out its terms."

"The facts are that this matter of a new loan to Belgium has been under discussion and banking interests concerned in it have waited for what they deemed an opportune moment for attempting its negotiation."

"On June 30, next, the Belgian export credit of \$50,000,000 matures, and negotiations for the settlement of refunding of that loan have already been started and will be continued after the arrival of the Belgian representatives. There is the fullest desire on the part of those who have been interested in Belgian financing in this country to co-operate in every way possible to meet the requirements of that country, and no misunderstanding or conflict of interests between them have arisen."

G. W. U. ARRANGES SERIES OF SIGHTSEEING TOURS

Trip To Luray Caverns May 1 Will
Be Open To Male Students
And Co-eds.

Specially conducted week-end sightseeing tours are the latest novelty at George Washington University. The university is the first in the country to adopt the plan.

The first tour of the spring series will be on May 1 and 2, to the Luray caverns. Co-eds as well as male students will be permitted to make the trip. Professional chaperones will be two girls. The Hatchet, student publication at the university, has charge of all arrangements for the trip.

The party will leave Union Station at 10:15 Saturday night, May 1, and will arrive at Luray at 4 o'clock Sunday morning. The party will remain on the train until 7:30, when breakfast will be served at a hotel. The students then will be taken to the caverns in chartered automobiles. A special guide will show the party the wonders of the caverns. The university will furnish a special photographer to "snap" pictures of everything that happens. The party will leave at 5 o'clock for Washington, arriving here at 10:30 Sunday night.

NEW NOMINATIONS.

The following nominations were sent to the Senate this afternoon: Homer Britt, of Mississippi, now consular agent at Caracas, to be consul of class seven.
To be lieutenant colonel, marine corps, Major William L. Rodier, captain to be majors, Ralph E. Davis, Harry W. Weltzel, and Sidney N. Rayner.

VERDICT SET ASIDE.

A verdict for \$1,000 damages, awarded by a jury to Mrs. Alice B. Gordon in her suit against Henry Schneider, formerly a captain of the police force, and four other police officers for alleged false arrest, was set aside by Justice Hitz today, who granted a new trial.

BAVARIA MAY QUIT GERMAN RED RULE

Southern Portion of Country
Refuses to Dissolve Citizens'
Guard.

By KARL H. VON WEIGAND.
(Universal Service.)

MUNICH, April 25.—If the radicalization of the Berlin government continues, Bavaria may choose to become temporarily, at least—a separate entity. Rather than be dominated by a radical proletarian central government at Berlin, Bavaria may prefer to secede from Germany to protect her own institutions, founded and built up upon democratic principles, not class distinction.

Bavaria refuses to dissolve the so-called "Kriegswehr," or Citizens' Guard. The Bavarians defy the Berlin government to enforce the order of dissolution, given as a result of the entente demands under the Versailles treaty.

South Germany, democratic long before the revolution of 1919, which overthrew Kaiserism, is today the main bulwark in Germany against radicalism. Last year North German troops drove out the Bolshevik regime in Munich and other Bavarian towns, and the maintenance of the Bavarian government. South Germany will do the same thing for north Germany in answer to a similar appeal.

King of the Farmers.

The above constitutes the substance of statements made to me today by Dr. Heim, in a conversation I had with the famous Bavarian leader.

Dr. Heim is one of the most forceful men in Germany today. He is known as the "King of the Farmers" and is generally credited with being the leader of the Bavarian separatist movement. This he denies, however.

Discussing the growing antagonism between the "absolutely democratic south" and the increasingly radicalized German capital, Dr. Heim said:

"If you ask me whether I am a Spartacist, I must say 'no.' The reasons are simple. Bavaria has no seaport, no coal, no iron, no oil, no cotton. If you ask me whether, despite that, circumstances might drive Bavaria to what would be temporary separation from Germany, I must answer 'yes.'"

"These circumstances would be: A radical workingmen's government at Berlin which is but another name for bolshevism, or a soviet regime. Already a strong reaction against Berlin is flaming up among the Bavarian people."

Don't Want Dictatorship.

"In other words, Bavaria, 'wild night mitmachen' will not adhere to Berlin if a dictatorship of the proletariat is established there. We do not believe in a dictatorship by any class."

"Though the Kingdom of Bavaria was thoroughly democratic long before the 1919 revolution, the Bavarian people are firmly determined to maintain their democratic institutions and not to participate in any class conscious dictatorship of one class or another."

"Should a radical central government come in Berlin, I can conceive that Baden, Württemberg, and possibly Heissen may join Bavaria in declaring a barrier against radicalism, running from the Rhine eastward."

Dr. Heim is a man of huge stature and massive head, with a face that has a strikingly Bismarckian resemblance. He wears a large black slouch hat, similar to that affected by cotton planters in the south of the United States. He is one of the most forceful personalities I have met in the Germany of today. He has a frank, open, straight-from-the-shoulder way of talking that reminds one of Noske.

"Thinly Veiled Soviet."

He characterized the present German government as a "thinly veiled soviet" and the democratic and centralist bourgeoisie elements in it as "sponges and corks, driven on the waters as the wind blows." He added:

"The only real man in the government was Noske—and they threw him out."

Asked if Bavaria could feed and maintain itself, the King of the Bavarian farmers said:

"Yes. Bavaria is two-thirds an agricultural country."

Dr. Heim admitted that French political agents had approached him on the subject of a Bavarian separate state.

"I did not leave them in doubt as to where I stood," he added. "I am opposed to all intriguing, plotting, and subterranean work. I am no separatist, but if that pigpen in the north does not come to an end, I could become a separatist."

Asked if it was true that the French favored Bavaria becoming a monarchy again, Dr. Heim said France had given up to understand that she would have no objection, and even would be willing to accept a revived Bavarian monarchy.

SHOE PROFITEERS ARE
UNDER FIRE IN SENATE

A drive against profiteering in shoes was started in the Senate yesterday by Senator Charles L. McNary (Republican) of Oregon, chairman of the Senate committee investigating the high prices exacted from the consumer for footwear.

Branding of the manufacturers' sale price on all shoes, boots, slippers and sandals transported in interstate commerce is provided in a bill introduced by McNary as a means of letting the patron of the retail store know exactly how much profit the retailer is demanding.

Early passage of the measure has been promised by the Republican leaders of both the Senate and House.

ADVERTISEMENT

Cured His RUPTURE

I was badly ruptured while lifting a trunk several years ago. Doctors said my only hope of cure was an operation. Trusses did me no good. Finally I got hold of something that quickly and completely cured me. Years have passed and the rupture has never returned, although I am doing hard work as a carpenter. There was no operation, no lost time, no trouble. I have nothing to sell, but will give full information about how you may find a complete cure without operation. If you write to me, Eugene M. Pullen, Carpenter, 1117 Marshall Avenue, Manchester, N. H., I will tell you all the details of my cure and how to get it. I will also tell you how to cure a life or at least stop the misery of rupture and the worry and danger of an operation.

SHIPPERS TO KEEP HIGH OCEAN RATES

Secrecy Marks Conference of
Representatives of World's
Boat Lines.

British and Japanese shipping lines have reached an agreement with American steamship companies whereby the present high ocean freight rates, established during the war, are to be maintained for an indefinite period.

The utmost secrecy marked the conference held between the foreign and American representatives here, which were concluded yesterday.

Despite the fact that the conference is understood to have been arranged by A. S. Taylor, Assistant Chief of Operations of the Shipping Board, no official information was available today as to the nature of the agreement, which is understood to be eagerly awaited by shipping concerns in the United States and abroad.

Benson Is Silent.

Admiral William S. Benson, chairman of the Shipping Board, made the bare admission that "something of the sort" was under discussion, but stated that he had received no reports as to the result of the conference and would make no announcement until he did.

It is known, however, that the Shipping Board probably will sponsor the agreement, which is aimed at the

elimination of competition which might result in rate-cutting. The large British steamship concerns represented at the conference are understood to have carried the important point upon which they insisted, namely, that the high ocean freight rates, directly resulting from the scarcity of shipping during the war, should be maintained. In this connection, it has been frequently pointed out by British officials that the ability of England to maintain her high ocean freight rates was an absolute necessity if that country was to recoup its financial war losses.

To Discuss Far East Rates.

At a meeting to be held in New York on May 3 the question of trans-Pacific rates to the Far East is to be discussed between American operators of Shipping Board vessels, and representatives of the Toyo Kisen Kaisha, the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, and practically all other large Japanese shipping companies, at which the final terms of the agreement are to be discussed.

This will deal with the charges to be made by American and Japanese firms for trans-Pacific cargoes, and it is indicated that the maintenance of the wartime rates is practically assured.

Nearly all of the 1,800 ships operated for the Government by private American companies under leasing agreements are involved in the pact. The Shipping Board, which arranged the entire conference, would not make public today the names of the foreign companies represented. It is known, however, that all the large British concerns, as well as several of the best-known lines of Japan, Italy and France had representatives at the meetings.

Considered a nuisance forty years ago, today the Salvation Army is a necessity.

'OVERALL' WEDDING GOWN COSTS TRIFLE OVER \$4

Bride Sports Blue Gingham Dress,
And Carries Daisies. Groom
Wears Denim.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Profiteers did not profit at the "overall" wedding yesterday, in the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, of Miss Gertrude Reinhardt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Reinhardt, of Brooklyn, to W. Ramsey Frederick, of Pittsburgh. The bride was attired in what she described as an "overall-jumper" suit. In place of the customary bridal white, she wore plain blue gingham, prettily made, to be sure, but undeniably gingham. Her bridal bouquet was of daisies. The bridal outfit cost a trifle over \$4. A blue checked gingham dress was worn by her attendant, Miss Francis Grodzky, of Hempstead, Long Island.

The groom, his best man, J. A. Reinhardt, brother of the bride, and the officiating clergyman, the Rev. W. D. Tucker, pastor of St. Andrew's M. E. Church, Brooklyn, were dressed in blue denim suits.

The reception following the wedding was attended by guests attired in overalls, denim, and gingham creations.

THE EAGLE AMERICAN-CHINESE RESTAURANT

218 Ninth St. N. W.
DANCE SALON NOW OPEN.
Dinner Dances, 4 to 8 P. M. to 1:30 A. M.
Supper Dances, 10:30 P. M. to 1:30 A. M.
THOMAS JARDIN MUSIC.
Business Lunch, 11 to 1 P. M.
Special Dinner, 11 to 1 P. M.
Sunday Dinner, 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Special attention given to after-dinner parties.
Telephone Franklin 7715.

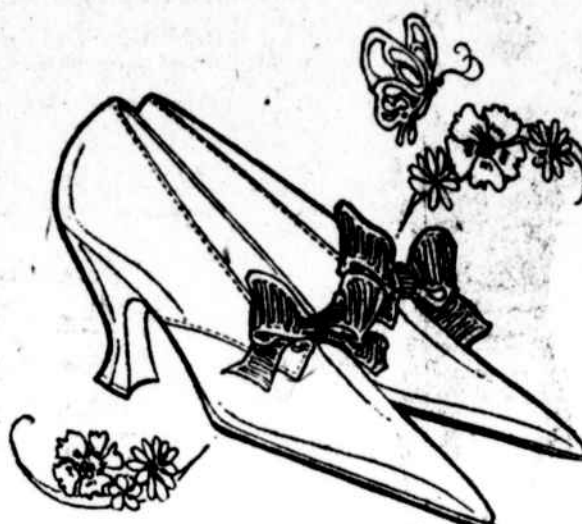
Price Is the Thing — But Not at Sacrifice of Style or Quality

This policy, announced by Hirsch's Stores and consistently followed at all times, has proved itself. Failure to follow this policy would work harm in two different ways. We could not meet the demand of Washington women with a price appeal alone, and even if we could, we could never sell a woman a second pair of shoes.

But happily our appeal is not in price alone, and the results of our policy of Style and Quality with Price in sufficient evidence that the policy is right. Hirsch's Stores have met the demand—as the ever increasing number of Hirsch's customers will prove beyond the question of a doubt.

Trim Shoe Styles for Spring and Summer

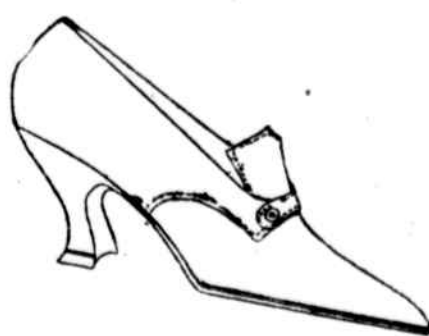
A Pleasing Variety
of Pleasing Models
In Pumps and Oxfords
at HIRSH'S
Famous
"Heart-of-the-Season"
Price



These Are HIRSH'S Dainty One-Eyelet Ribbon Bow Pumps

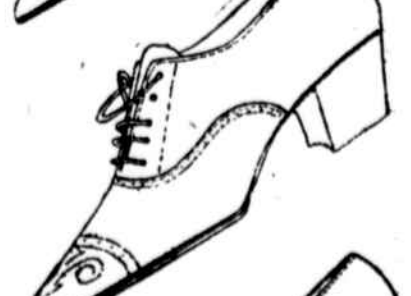
These delightful creations, with their most graceful sweep of lines, their long, receding vamps and their full Louis heels will add a touch of distinction to milady's dress.

Style---
Quality---
and
Price



This is the welcome combination that has won for HIRSH'S Shoe Stores an enviable reputation.

Any of these most beautiful styles — Pumps and Oxfords of quality — and others in our stores are still going at HIRSH'S Famous Single Price.



Washington's
Fastest
Growing
Shoe House

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Out of the
High
Rent
District

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EVERY 3-PIECE SUIT \$52.50

Made to Your Measure—Fit Guaranteed
I AM A ONE PRICE TAILOR

You can choose any piece of goods from my big selection of high-grade wools. I will make to your measure a 3 piece suit using the best grade of trimmings for \$52.50.

One Price only, no matter what materials or design you may select. I'm not looking for big profits; a large number of satisfied customers is my aim. I personally do all the cutting, designing and fitting and supervise the tailoring of every garment and, being out of the high rent district, enables me to make this unusual value giving price. No matter what your taste—we can please you.

One price to everybody, \$52.50. When you come here to buy you need not fear being asked a higher price. \$52.50 to everybody.



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